



# Past Simple





Hi, guys!

The Past Simple  
is today's topic!

Let's see how  
to form this  
tense!

First of all you  
have to know  
that in English  
we have regular  
and irregular  
verbs

How can you  
distinguish an  
irregular verb  
from an irregular  
one? Well, you  
can't.





## Regular verbs

- To form the PAST of a regular verb, you must add **-ED** to the verb: OPEN - OPENED
- There are just few exceptions:
  1. DANCE + D = DANCED
  2. STUDY (C+y-IED) = STUDIED
  3. STOP (1 syllable c+v+c) = STOPPED
- There is no actual conjugation:
- I/you/he/she/it/we/you/they OPENED

Double consonant + <b>ed</b>	<b>+ied</b>	<b>+ed</b>	<b>+d</b>
play	jump	cry	visit
listen	watch	stop	study
hurry	finish	stay	live
phone	walk	brush	carry
like	wash	hop	open
plan	help	dance	chat


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# Past of To Be

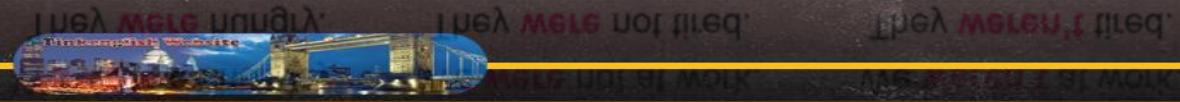
- «To Be» is the only irregular verb with a conjugation:
- I was
- You were
- He she it was
- We were
- You were
- They were



## The Past Simple with "be"

Positive with 'be'	Negative with 'be'	Negative Short Form
I <b>was</b> cold.	I <b>was</b> not sleepy.	I <b>wasn't</b> sleepy.
You <b>were</b> tired.	You <b>were</b> not on the bus.	You <b>weren't</b> on the bus.
He <b>was</b> in the garden.	He <b>was</b> not at school.	He <b>wasn't</b> at school.
He <b>was</b> late.	He <b>was</b> not ugly.	He <b>wasn't</b> ugly.
It <b>was</b> rainy.	It <b>was</b> not hot.	It <b>wasn't</b> hot.
We <b>were</b> on holiday.	We <b>were</b> not at work.	We <b>weren't</b> at work.
They <b>were</b> hungry.	They <b>were</b> not tired.	They <b>weren't</b> tired.

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## Irregular verbs

- Irregular verbs have paradigms. For example the paradigm of to EAT is :
- To EAT (infinitive) ATE ( past) EATEN (past participle)
- Even with irregular verbs there is no actual conjugation:  
I/you/he/she/it/we/you/they ATE





# Questions and Negatives with the Past

- To make questions and negatives you need **DID** (with the exception of the auxiliary verbs).

- REG: She opened the door.

**DID** she **open** the door?

She **DID** not **open** the door.

- IRR : She **ATE** an apple.

**DID** she **eat** an apple?

She **DID** not **eat** an apple.

Did must be followed by the infinitive of the verb with no TO







## Irregular verbs

Part 01

# 100 MOST COMMON VERBS

- |          |         |         |         |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| • brake  | • do    | • think | • bet   |
| • choose | • run   | • fight | • cost  |
| • give   | • begin | • lend  | • dig   |
| • write  | • swim  | • leave | • hit   |
| • rise   | • know  | • send  | • hurt  |
| • drive  | • fly   | • build | • keep  |
| • ride   | • grow  | • pay   | • sleep |
| • hide   | • buy   | • lay   | • make  |
| • do     | • catch | • say   | • have  |
| • go     | • teach | • hold  | • wear  |

- |        |         |        |         |
|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| • go   | • teach | • hold | • wear  |
| • do   | • catch | • say  | • make  |
| • give | • buy   | • lay  | • sleep |

